

GEORGE ECOSYSTEM

LottoETH V2.1 Validation Audit Report

ETHMode direct-wallet lottery, Chainlink VRF draw lifecycle, ticket getter visibility, frontend state validation, and mainnet transaction review

Report Type	Internal validation audit and manual/on-chain regression report
System	LottoETH_GEORGE_V2_1 - direct-wallet ETH purchase, Chainlink VRF native payment, ticket getters, winner calculation, and liability finalization
Validation Status	ETHEREUM MAINNET LIFECYCLE VALIDATED - GAME 1 THROUGH GAME 3 DRAWN, PROCESSED, AND FINALIZED
Contract Status	V2.1 deployed and verified; frontend rewired from old V2 to V2.1 ABI/address; no G.A.P.S. vault logic used
Generated	2026-08-18

Core Principle

LottoETH is a direct-wallet system. Users connect wallets directly, pick numbers, buy tickets with ETH, and verify every draw, ticket, and payout state on-chain. No vault, bot, presale, staking, or G.A.P.S. execution pattern is used for LottoETH.

1. Executive Summary

- LottoETH V2.1 moved the public frontend from the prior ETHMode V2 contract to the newly deployed V2.1 contract at 0x8531097AdEDE6d76F22e3C183b2120f9007c023f.
- The V2.1 upgrade addressed the public fixed-array getter limitation by adding direct ticket-number getters, including getTicketNumbers, getPlayerTicketsWithNumbers, and getPlayerTicketsInGameRange.
- The live frontend was updated to use V2.1 ABI paths first and event-log recovery only as a fallback. My Tickets now displays selected numbers directly from V2.1 getter output.
- Ethereum Mainnet lifecycle testing validated Game 1, Game 2, and Game 3 through start, ticket purchase, VRF draw, winner processing, and liability finalization.
- No winners were found in Games 1-3. Prize liability remained zero and the tested game pools became rolloverable after finalization.

Validation Verdict

LottoETH V2.1 is mainnet lifecycle validated for direct-wallet ETH ticket purchase, Chainlink VRF draw fulfillment, direct ticket-number display, winner processing, and liability finalization. This report remains an internal validation audit and does not replace an independent smart contract security audit before major public prize exposure.

2. Architecture and System Boundary

LottoETH V2.1 is part of the George Ecosystem direct-wallet product group. It must remain separate from the G.A.P.S. vault-based trading architecture.

Layer	Role	V2.1 Validation Status
User Wallet	Direct ETH payer and transaction signer	Validated through mainnet ticket purchases. Wallet interacts directly with LottoETH V2.1.
LottoETH Contract	Ticket pricing, purchase, draw state, winner processing, claim liability, reserve accounting	Validated through Games 1-3 lifecycle.
Chainlink VRF	Randomness source for winning numbers	Validated by fulfilled draws for Games 1-3.
Frontend	Static LottoETH game UI and wallet UX	Validated against V2.1 address/ABI and getter-first ticket display.

System Integrity Rule

Presale, staking, Win4ETH, LottoETH, token transfers, and payments are direct-wallet systems. G.A.P.S. vault logic must not be routed into LottoETH. User wallet to LottoETH contract is the correct flow.

3. Ethereum Mainnet Environment and Deployed Contracts

Item	Value
Network	Ethereum Mainnet
Chain ID	1 / 0x1
Explorer	https://etherscan.io
Frontend	Static LottoETH_GAME frontend, vanilla JavaScript, shared George/Reown wallet bundle preserved
Validation Mode	Manual mainnet test execution, readback, browser verification, and Codex-assisted ABI checks

Validated Mainnet Contract Addresses

Contract / Role	Address
LottoETH_GEORGE_V2_1	0x8531097AdEDE6d76F22e3C183b2120f9007c023f
Owner / Admin	0xc862163bD97Cc36c899f482D79Ae77070C8e895D
House Wallet	0x534E50CDc64077fD782c177a3566EeBCf76474F1
PayToken_GEORGE	0xF5E7E75287122Cd7beF38a97D02Ef6f35645F1b3
DividendTracker_GEORGE	0x8D87D26a270Fed8c7D92ac58C316c58093eEBAe9
Chainlink VRF Coordinator	0xD7f86b4b8Cae7D942340FF628F82735b7a20893a

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4. V2.1 Release Scope and Contract Boundary

V2.1 is a contract and frontend validation release. It replaces the old ETHMode V2 frontend target with a V2.1 contract that exposes direct ticket and claim getters required for reliable public UX.

Scope	V2.1 Status
Contract	New LottoETH_GEORGE_V2_1 deployed and verified on Ethereum Mainnet.
Frontend Address	Updated to 0x8531097AdEDE6d76F22e3C183b2120f9007c023f.
Old V2 Address	Removed from active frontend files: 0xe81B1A21dc00A95Ff8E46F334d32f9Cf1BBAb656.
Game Duration	Set to 300 seconds for private mainnet testing.
Claim Duration	604800 seconds, or 7 days.
Ticket Price	USD target: \$0.50 via quoteTicketPriceNative(quantity).

Boundary Statement

This V2.1 report concerns LottoETH only. It does not validate G.A.P.S., presale, staking, Win4ETH, or PayToken transfer mechanics beyond the LottoETH interfaces used by the deployed contract.

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5. Frontend Rewire and ABI Getter Review

The frontend was rewired from event-log-first ticket recovery to V2.1 getter-first ticket recovery. This directly addresses the old public struct getter limitation where selected number arrays were unavailable from tickets(uint256).

Area	V2.1 Getter Path
Current Game Summary	getCurrentGameSummary() primary; getGameSummary(uint32) for specific games.
Current Game Tickets	getPlayerTicketsWithNumbers(address,uint32) primary.
Previous Game Tickets	getPlayerTicketsInGameRange(address,uint32,uint32) primary.
Ticket Detail	getTicket(uint256) plus getTicketNumbers(uint256).
Claim UX	getPlayerClaimableTickets, getPlayerClaimSummary, isTicketClaimable, getTicketPrize.
Fallback	TicketPurchasedNative event recovery remains fallback only.

Validation Result

Live My Tickets panels displayed selected numbers for Game 1, Game 2, and Game 3 tickets after purchases and after draw/finalization states. This confirms the V2.1 getter-first path is operating in the public frontend.

6. Chainlink VRF Native Subscription Readiness

Item	Validated State
VRF Subscription	Existing native-funded subscription reused for V2.1.
Subscription ID	35482562509661619778901414857916150446182419051860409155909760032861535707620
V2.1 Consumer	0x8531097AdEDE6d76F22e3C183b2120f9007c023f listed as consumer.
Native Balance	0.119567454012862845 ETH at preflight readback.
Pending Request Gate	pendingRequestExists and pendingRandomnessRequestId checked before draw/start actions.
VRF Draw Function	Deployed V2.1 ABI exposes drawNumbers(), not requestDraw().

Positive Validation

A safety check prevented use of a nonexistent requestDraw() function. The correct deployed function drawNumbers() was identified from the V2.1 ABI before any draw transaction was broadcast.

7. Direct-Wallet Purchase UX and Ticket Display

LottoETH V2.1 uses direct ETH purchases. During validation, the frontend accepted wallet connection, number selection, ticket purchase, total ticket update, and ticket display without G.A.P.S. vault routing.

Purchase Component	Validation Result
Wallet Connection	Direct wallet connection shown on Ethereum Mainnet.
Ticket Numbers	User-selected six-number tickets displayed in My Tickets.
Quantity Field	Quantity UI present; multi-ticket transaction testing remains a recommended public-flow test.
Quote	quoteTicketPriceNative(quantity) displayed current ETH quote for USD target \$0.50.
Closed State	Purchase button disabled after game endTime and during finalized claim-open state.

Gas Observation

A high-fee one-ticket buy showed the wallet using a 2 gwei priority fee while base fee was approximately 0.040 gwei. A later buy with manually reduced priority fee completed with an approximately \$0.02 fee. The material difference was wallet gas setting, not a high Ethereum base fee.

8. Game 1 Mainnet Lifecycle Evidence

Step	Evidence / Result
Start	Game 1 started with 300-second duration after unpause.
Purchases	3 tickets purchased and displayed in My Tickets.
drawNumbers	0x5d82bf54316f7e1d85fe85a47557a27a53ecc0191b6a6ecf8dde54a7f572c467
Winning Numbers	[2, 8, 14, 18, 28, 34]
calculateWinners(1)	0x638c1288ba7b229ec65af4816aaefb3949ed27abd9863c5913d890214673560
finalizeGameLiability(1)	0xe04e640d97d4dd48dacfe611b8c586bf2b81df9f4ea0bac09252c366ed11a4eb
Final State	winnerCounts [0,0,0,0]; liabilityFinalized true; rolloverableNative 0.000476413003915266 ETH.

Game 1 confirmed the complete draw/processing/finalization flow with no winners and rolloverable prize pool accounting.

9. Game 2 Mainnet Lifecycle Evidence

Step	Evidence / Result
Start	Game 2 started after Game 1 finalization.
Purchases	1 ticket purchased and displayed in My Tickets.
drawNumbers	0xe86d2407188b9c9cec838a89b085ea0e66153433ea815e7ad255f866a8d2161d
Winning Numbers	[3, 6, 7, 24, 37, 48]
calculateWinners(2)	0xefbeccce64944bf631fc8229da61e6665542dda7e3437ffe03fefabf1650f3ef
finalizeGameLiability(2)	0x7c53286bddb8d2b1300e850a68edd3dd371f6d5a70984cacadb81d1407d7d958
Final State	winnerCounts [0,0,0,0]; liabilityFinalized true; rolloverableNative 0.000634900162703123 ETH.

Game 2 confirmed repeatability of VRF draw, winner processing, and finalization after a prior rollover state.

10. Game 3 Mainnet Lifecycle Evidence

Step	Evidence / Result
Start	Game 3 active with 300-second countdown display and purchases enabled during entry window.
Purchases	8 tickets purchased and displayed in My Tickets.
drawNumbers	0xebf7d7e07c954b95700bd995161da167a987f81f4b2bfb0303a05582b767f12e
Winning Numbers	[20, 29, 31, 46, 47, 48]
calculateWinners(3)	0x6ed5cde625d8a18e449e390acb08f5cafea16d0bd69041f086f20969db116d0e
finalizeGameLiability(3)	0x6c96712f9d0bb18330172eac7b828882a45e8ed21c8df102caa129d11f815c8f
Final State	winnerCounts [0,0,0,0]; liabilityFinalized true; rolloverableNative 0.0019016111516131427 ETH.

Game 3 provided the broadest V2.1 validation run, with eight tickets, displayed selected numbers, VRF fulfillment, and full liability finalization.

11. Winner Processing and Liability Finalization

The V2.1 lifecycle requires a distinct winner-processing stage before finalization. `finalizeGameLiability(gameId)` correctly refused to proceed while `winnerProcessingComplete` was false.

Gate	Validated Behavior
<code>drawNumbers()</code>	Requests VRF. Frontend may show pending until fulfillment.
VRF Fulfillment	Sets drawn state and nonzero winningNumbers.
<code>calculateWinners(gameId)</code>	Processes tickets, advances <code>winnerCalcCursor</code> , and sets <code>winnerProcessingComplete</code> when complete.
<code>finalizeGameLiability(gameId)</code>	Allowed only after winner processing completes.
No Winner Case	<code>winnerCounts</code> all zero; <code>totalPrizeLiabilityNative</code> and <code>claimReserveNative</code> remain zero.

Security Finding

The contract correctly blocked finalization before winner processing was complete. This is a positive validation of lifecycle gating, not a defect.

12. Rollover and Reserve Accounting Review

Games 1-3 produced no prize-tier winners. The tested prize pools therefore became rolloverable after finalization.

Game	Total Tickets	Winner Counts	Rolloverable Native
1	3	[0,0,0,0]	0.000476413003915266 ETH
2	1	[0,0,0,0]	0.000634900162703123 ETH
3	8	[0,0,0,0]	0.001901611516131427 ETH

Reserve Readback

After Game 3 finalization, reservedNativeBalance was reported as 0.003169352526885719 ETH and excessNativeBalance as 0 ETH. This indicates native accounting is tracking contract obligations and rollover/reserve state rather than exposing unaccounted ETH as excess.

13. Transaction Economics and Gas Fee Review

A mainnet ticket purchase fee concern was diagnosed during V2.1 testing. The issue was primarily wallet priority fee selection rather than Ethereum base fee or an obvious V2.1 contract defect.

Observation	High-Fee Buy	Low-Fee Buy
Tx Hash	0xe9d4d57d6a40ec286a0a575bf081d330fd092cfda9c84eee5749423afe514b0c	0xe10219c4c0aafa1911e906cf79dc51a0fdb08659cd1cd7df6ecbc45d908a4f54
Ticket Value	0.000263898198630897 ETH	0.000263898198630897 ETH
Tx Fee	0.000426123252011118 ETH	0.000012453309220842 ETH
Gas Price	2.040321818 gwei	0.047869542 gwei
Priority Fee	2 gwei	0.000125687 gwei
Result	Fee exceeded ticket price	Fee approximately \$0.02

Recommended UX Note

During low urgency testing, users can reduce MetaMask max priority fee while keeping max fee above the current base fee. Public UI should avoid promising fixed gas costs because Ethereum fees fluctuate by network conditions and wallet settings.

14. Frontend Countdown and State UX

Countdown behavior was reviewed during active and finalized game states. The correct UX depends on the current game lifecycle.

State	Expected Countdown Behavior
Setup	No active countdown; setup/private test state if currentGameId = 0.
Open Game	Countdown to game.endTime; helper text 'Ticket entry closes in'.
Closed / Awaiting Draw	Show Closed; purchase disabled; helper text 'Ticket entry closed'.
Drawn / Awaiting Finalization	Show drawn state; purchase disabled; helper text 'Awaiting finalization'.
Finalized / Claim Open	Countdown to claimDeadline; helper text 'Claim closes in'.

Validation Note

During Game 3, the frontend showed an active countdown while tickets were live and switched to closed/finalization states after draw and finalization. This behavior should remain a regression check before public promotion.

15. Security and Integrity Review

Control Principle	V2.1 Result
Direct-wallet system only	Passed. User wallet interacts with LottoETH contract directly.
No G.A.P.S. vault routing	Passed. No vault/bot capital path used.
VRF draw gating	Passed. drawNumbers gated by game end, no pending request, and consumer readiness checks.
Finalization gating	Passed. finalizeGameLiability blocked until winner processing completed.
No fake tickets	Passed. Ticket numbers displayed from V2.1 getters or explicit fallback.
No fake winners	Passed. winnerCounts remained zero when no prize-tier winners existed.
Secrets	Private keys were not included in frontend or audit content.

Audit Boundary

This is an internal validation and manual regression report. It is not a third-party formal security audit. External review remains recommended before major public prize pools or large marketing-driven traffic.

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16. Known Cold, Disabled, or Pending Areas

Area	Status	Reason
Multi-ticket quantity purchase	Pending focused validation	Quantity UI exists; one-transaction multi-ticket path should be explicitly confirmed with quantity 2 or 3.
Claim flow with actual winner	Pending	Games 1-3 had no winners; claimable prize path should be tested when a qualifying ticket exists.
Long-duration public game	Pending	Testing used 300-second duration; public schedule should be set intentionally.
Frontend gas education	Recommended	MetaMask priority fee strongly affected user cost.
External audit	Recommended	Internal report does not replace independent contract security review.
Large prize pool	Pending	Prefunded public prize behavior should be separately tested and documented.

17. Mainnet Transaction Evidence Summary

Flow	Hash / Value	Result
Deploy V2.1	0x32c6eae414948e89f5631ff10ecfe1312af9a7a5831a295fe32cafb790938bc2	Contract deployed.
Add VRF Consumer	0xbd66f33285a8c8decc40aef504c28bf14f17700e4436d54ee4a22a78fdd43edb	V2.1 listed as consumer.
Set Duration	0x23e2f9928213b12e939527d518a7d3ef18c85e0e8608a2ad0e784d90777c834e	gameDuration = 300 seconds.
Unpause	0xec5cfbdf7cc46054a476d607f0ea6cab84bb32c87ae914f7f50f136aa13a526c	paused = false.
Game 1 finalize	0xe04e640d97d4dd48dacfe611b8c586bf2b81df9f4ea0bac09252c366ed11a4eb	Game 1 finalized.
Game 2 finalize	0x7c53286bddb8d2b1300e850a68edd3dd371f6d5a70984cacadb81d1407d7d958	Game 2 finalized.
Game 3 finalize	0x6c96712f9d0bb18330172eac7b828882a45e8ed21c8df102caa129d11f815c8f	Game 3 finalized.

Every listed transaction is intended to be independently verifiable on Etherscan. Rows should not be used for public claims if a hash cannot be confirmed.

18. Recommended Next Validation Path

- Run a focused quantity purchase test: quantity 2 first, then quantity 3 or 5 if the first test passes.
- Confirm `quoteTicketPriceNative(quantity)` updates accurately and that one transaction mints/displays multiple tickets.
- Add public-facing guidance that gas fees vary and wallet priority fee settings affect cost.
- Test at least one qualifying winner/claim path using a controlled test scenario or future low-value validation game.
- Before the first promoted public game, set the intended game duration and prize policy, then repeat start/draw/finalize readbacks.
- Preserve direct-wallet separation from G.A.P.S. and do not introduce vault or bot logic into LottoETH.

Release Readiness Direction

V2.1 has validated the core lifecycle. The remaining launch polish is UX/economics oriented: quantity buys, gas guidance, public duration, and winner/claim proof once a qualifying ticket exists.

19. Final Internal Audit Conclusion

LottoETH V2.1 successfully validates the direct-wallet ETH lottery lifecycle on Ethereum Mainnet. The frontend now points to the V2.1 address, uses V2.1 ABI getters as the primary data source, and displays selected ticket numbers without relying on event-log recovery as the normal path.

Games 1, 2, and 3 completed through drawNumbers, Chainlink VRF fulfillment, calculateWinners, and finalizeGameLiability. Each game had zero prize-tier winners during the validation run; each finalized prize pool became rolloverable according to readback.

The most significant operational finding was not a broken contract path, but transaction economics: wallet priority fee settings can cause ticket-buy fees to exceed ticket price. A later low-priority-fee transaction demonstrated materially lower cost. The next validation should prove multi-ticket quantity purchase in one transaction to further reduce repeated gas overhead.

Final V2.1 Statement

Direct wallet connects. User buys with ETH. Chainlink VRF draws. V2.1 getters expose selected tickets and claim state. Games 1-3 prove the mainnet draw, winner-processing, finalization, and rollover path. If it is not verifiable on-chain, it does not exist in George.